

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF VIRGINIA
Newport News Division



UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

v.

CAMILLE LACHE SMITH,

Defendant.

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) Case No.4:23-cr-54

STATEMENT OF FACTS

Comes now the United States and offers to the Court that had the above-styled matter proceeded to trial the United States would have proven the following facts beyond a reasonable doubt.

1. Federal law enforcement opened an investigation into LUX AUTO circa June 2021 after receiving information about large-scale drug trafficking activity at the business. Additionally, LUX AUTO was referenced in a separate open FBI investigation into a shooting incident that occurred on or about August 27, 2021, in Hampton, VA where Hampton Police Division Officers were targeted by gunfire. The individuals in the indictment were using LUX AUTO as a base of operations on the east coast whilst being supplied by Sources of Supply (“SoS”) in California and elsewhere.
2. Video footage obtained from Technical Surveillance of LUX AUTO corroborated the storage of illegal drugs in multiple vehicles throughout the parking lot of LUX AUTO. Technical Surveillance at storage units in Newport News also corroborated the storage of suitcases full of suspected illegal drugs.

3. Law enforcement utilized a wide range of investigative techniques over the course of this multi-year investigation, to include an expansive financial investigation that has uncovered over \$22,000,000 flowing in and out of various accounts belonging to or associated with the individuals in the superseding indictment and their associates, plus approximately \$5,000,000 flowing between Peer to Peer ("P2P) accounts. Various methods of surveillance, controlled evidence purchases, covert-entry search warrants, airport interdictions, and Title III wire and data intercepts largely contributed to the overall discovery of a successful, multi-faceted conspiracy to traffic thousands of points of illegal marijuana via commercial aircraft into the Commonwealth of Virginia.
4. Between March 2022 and July 2023, the United States District Court for the Eastern District of Virginia, approved approximately 15 initial and/or renewal Applications for Orders authorizing the interception of wire and/or electronic communications occurring over telephones utilized by various individuals listed in the indictment. During the course of those interceptions, the communications of each individual charged in the indictment were, at times, intercepted and found to be facilitating or discussing the criminal activity of this criminal enterprise. Those communications, marked as "Pertinent" by monitors or reviewers, laid the foundation for a widespread conspiracy dating back approximately seven years.
5. Between August 17, 2020 and January 25, 2023, several monetary seizures occurred at various major airports in the Mid-Atlantic area. Of those seizures, a total of nearly \$400,000 in U.S. currency (cash) was seized from members and/or associates of this criminal enterprise.

6. Between January 20, 2021, and August 24, 2023, several seizures of illegal marijuana and/or related contraband took place at major airports in the Mid-Atlantic area. To date, almost 1000 pounds of illegal marijuana have been seized through targeted interdiction operations, many of which were developed through monitoring of the aforementioned Title-III wire and data intercepts. According to intercepted conversations and airline records between the dates in the indictment, the organization was trafficking as much as 1000 pounds of marijuana per week into the Commonwealth of Virginia.
7. The members of the organization had varying roles and responsibilities. The leaders of this drug trafficking operation engaged with the sources of supply outside the Commonwealth of Virginia and arranged for the purchase of large loads of marijuana that were then marked for transportation to the Eastern District of Virginia. The leaders would then instruct other members of the organization to arrange for couriers to fly to the SoS, deliver money to them and then return to the Eastern District of Virginia with the marijuana. The leaders would then arrange for mid-level members of the organization to receive the marijuana from the couriers and distribute it to customers or have subordinate dealers sell the marijuana.
8. The leaders of the organization had lieutenants who were responsible for arranging for couriers to travel to the SoS to obtain the marijuana, for obtaining locations to store the marijuana and insuring the ultimate distribution of the marijuana. These lieutenants would sometimes travel to the SoS themselves or would accompany couriers on their travels.

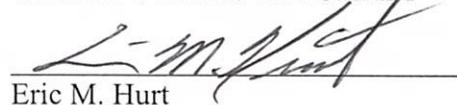
9. The lieutenants supervised individuals who were responsible for distributing the marijuana and sometimes receiving the marijuana from the couriers as they returned from the SoS. These individuals at times were also expected to collect the proceeds from the sale of the marijuana.
10. The couriers would be contacted by members of the organization when the need for marijuana transportation arose. The couriers were provided with tickets to the SoS and usually two suitcases. The couriers would then be transported to various airports in the Eastern District of Virginia for flights to the SoS. The courtiers would take the suitcases, often filled with currency and travel to the SoS. When the couriers arrived at their destination, they would be met by representatives from the SoS and the suitcases would be filled with between 20 and 80 pounds of marijuana. The following day the courtiers would return to the Eastern District of Virginia with the suitcases full of marijuana.. When the couriers arrived in the Eastern District of Virginia, members of the organization would either meet them at the airport or arrange for the couriers to Uber to a location where they would surrender the suitcases. The couriers were paid as much as \$1,500 for these trips.
11. The organization possessed this rough structure of organization over a period of years. However, the role of the individuals in the organization was at times fluid. Organization members were often called upon to perform multiple roles. If a situation arose, a non-courier might be required to travel to the SoS to transport marijuana. Also, some members of the organization, in addition to their traditional role, might need to do paperwork for a flight, deposit drug proceeds into an account or aid in the storage of marijuana.

12. Dilquon Best was active in dealing with the SoSs and was responsible for the distribution of marijuana to dealers in the Eastern District of Virginia. In addition, Best would frequently travel to California to organize the movement of couriers to the Eastern District of Virginia with suitcases containing large quantities of marijuana.
13. As part of the larger investigation, the United States District Court for the Eastern District of Virginia authorized the interception of one of the cellular telephones used by Best. The interception of his telephone calls confirmed that Best was in the business of interstate marijuana distribution. Many of the calls that were intercepted were made in furtherance of Best's drug trafficking activities. Best was intercepted on several occasions talking with CAMILLE LACHE SMITH.
14. SMITH was in a personal relationship with Best during the periods between the dates in the indictment. SMITH was aware of the nature of Best's business and his business activities.
15. SMITH often assisted Best by booking his flights for travel between Virginia and California. SMITH would often talk with Best by telephone, meet him at the airport upon his return from Virginia, and then drive him to various locations in California where he met with SoS.
16. SMITH also paid Best's expenses, both personal and in support of the drug operations, knowing that these funds came from the proceeds of the sale of marijuana. This all occurred between the dates in the indictment.
17. The court authorized a T-III intercept of Best's telephone. During the monitoring of the telephone, SMITH was intercepted talking to Best about the generation of marijuana related proceeds. Specifically, on May 2, 2023, SMITH and Best were intercepted on

Best's telephone in EDVA discussing financial matters related to the distribution of marijuana in furtherance of the conspiracy charged in the superseding indictment. These events occurred in the Eastern District of Virginia and elsewhere.

18. Marijuana is a Schedule I controlled substance.

Respectfully submitted,
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After consulting with my attorney and pursuant to the plea agreement entered into this day between the defendant, CAMILLE LACHE SMITH and the United States, I hereby stipulate that the above Statement of Facts is true and accurate, and that had the matter proceeded to trial, the United States would have proved the same beyond a reasonable doubt.

Camille Smith
CAMILLE LACHE SMITH

I am CAMILLE LACHE SMITH's attorney and I have carefully reviewed the above Statement of Facts with the defendant. To my knowledge, the decision to stipulate to these facts is an informed and voluntary one.

Melissa E. O'Boyle
Melissa E. O'Boyle
Attorney for Camille Lache Smith